Supplementary Issue: Autumn Conferences of Sports Science. Costa Blanca Sports Science Events, 18-19 December 2020. Alicante, Spain.

# Effects of a set of physical exercises to improve conditional capacities in seventh grade students of the Pedro Nufio Technical Vocational Institute

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## ABSTRACT

The research dealt with conditional physical abilities in the class of education, where through a set of exercises the physical condition of the students; In this sense, it starts from the problems presented from the curriculum National Basic of Physical Education of Honduras which offers limited alternatives for the development of conditional capacities. The study of the effects of a set of exercises is offered taking into account the tests of Physical efficiency established in the seventh grade groups of the Pedro Nufio Educational Centre in order to establish a work profile for the orientation and dosage in the class and raise an evaluative profile on the criteria of this ability in the students.

Keywords: Physical abilities; Strength; Endurance; Speed.

## Cite this article as:

Gaitan-Amador, R.A., Figueroa Soriano, R.O., & Martínez Saravia, N.D. (2021). Effects of a set of physical exercises to improve conditional capacities in seventh grade students of the Pedro Nufio Technical Vocational Institute. *Journal of Human Sport and Exercise*, 16(2proc), S825-S836. doi:<u>https://doi.org/10.14198/jhse.2021.16.Proc2.68</u>

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Abstract submitted to: Summer Conferences of Sports Science. <u>Costa Blanca Sports Science Events</u>, 25-26 September 2020. Alicante, Spain.

JOURNAL OF HUMAN SPORT & EXERCISE ISSN 1988-5202

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doi:10.14198/jhse.2021.16.Proc2.68

# INTRODUCTION

The development of physical capacities is of constant systematic studies in order to improve it in different contexts such as physical education, where achieving a good physical condition for the development of students is priorities for both teachers and educational centres. Within the functions of the Educational Centres at the secondary level, the treatment of the contents conditional capacities (Strength and speed) is handled. Aspect of analysis of this inquiry, which is evidenced in its diagnosis, has not been treated in the best way up to the step (7th grade) to which the students under study have reached in this year 2019, thus generating a deficit of work on their stated capacities showing the following data:

Dynamic Arm Strength (20 sec Chest Test): 250 are below average and 70 are low.

Dynamic Abdominal Strength (20 sec Abs Test): 230 is at a lower level than average 45 and at a low level 45.

Translation speed (30 meter speed test): 245 are at a level below the average and 75 are at a low level. As it can be seen, there are difficulties in the capacities of these students with regard to the work of conditional capacities in the 7th grade in both genders.

From the investigative point of view, it has been treated by scholars such as Platonov (2001), Barrios and Ranzola (2001), Aschwer (2000) who have contributed concepts that have been systematized to date in terms of physical capacities.

For example, strength represents the overcoming of a certain external resistance with great muscular effort, it is considered the most important for man, since it is a premise for the development of other capacities. (Barrios and Ranzola 2001).

Regarding resistance, it is assumed as a capacity that shows when performing a lasting physical activity without diminishing its performance, it is also expressed as the body's resistance capacity against fatigue. (Aschwer 2000).

And speed as an indispensable conditional ability to perform motor actions in the shortest possible time under given conditions. (Platonov 2001).

Once the conceptions are assumed, it is important to materialize the contribution, in solutions that can be established in social practice; Therefore, our study intends to validate by experts, taking into account the Chanlat matrix, the effects of a set of physical exercises to improve conditional capacities (Strength and speed) in seventh grade students of the Pedro Nufio Technical Vocational Institute of Danlí in the year 2019.

The results obtained will be of vital importance for the systematic work in the organization of the process of development of the physical capacities that the teachers of said educational centre carry out as a task.

# METHOD

The pre-experiment will be taken into account as a procedure in the study, taking into account the criteria of Sampieri and Collado (2014) which will allow to know the effects of a set of physical exercises to improve the conditional capacities in seventh grade students at the Vocational Institute Technician Pedro Nufio de Danlí.

The scope of the research is explanatory in nature since variables are associated through a predictable pattern for a group or population. In other words, it will be investigated using the following variables: (X) Set of Exercises and the variable (Y) Conditional Capacities (dynamic arm and abdomen strength and translational speed.

### Population and sample

The sample is of a non-probabilistic type directed, the selection procedure by quota intentionally, made up of 320 students of the seventh grade of the morning session of the year 2019. (200 men and 120 women) from the Pedro Nufio Technical Vocational Institute of the city of Danlí Department of El Paraíso in 2019.

Variables	Dimensions	Indicator	Items	Analysis unit	Instrument or technique to use
	1	≤7	Very low		
	2	8-10	Low		
Dynamic arm	3	11-12	Lower than average		
strength capacity	4	13-14	Half	120 People	Strength test
in women.	5	15-16	Above average		
	6	17-18	High		
	7	> 19	Very high		

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I ahle '	1	Variable	nt d	vnamic	arm	strenath	In	women
TUDIO	••	vanabic	u u	ynanno	unn	Suchgui		women.

#### Table 2. Variable of dynamic arm force in men.

Variables	Dimensions	Indicator	Items	Analysis unit	Instrument or technique to use
	1	≤ 3	Very low		
	2	4-7	Low		
Dynamic arm	3	8-9	Lower than average		
force capacity	4	10-14	Half	200 People	Strength test
in males.	5	15-16	Above average		-
	6	17-21	High		
	7	> 22	Very high		

Table 3. Variable of dynamic abdominal force in women.

Variables	Dimensions	Indicator	Items	Analysis unit	Instrument or technique to use
	1	≤6	Very low		
Dunamia	2	7-10	Low		
Dynamic Strongth Consoit	3	11-13	Lower than average		
of the abdomon	4	14-17	Half	120 People	Strength test
in women.	5	18-20	Above average		-
	6	21-23	High		
	7	> 24	Very high		

Variables	Dimensions	Indicator	Items	Analysis unit	Instrument or technique to use
	1	≤9	Very low		
Dunamia	2	10-13	low		
Strongth Consoit	3	14-15	Lower than average		
of the abdomon	4	16-18	half	200 people	Strength test
in men	5	19-21	Above average		-
	6	22-24	High		
	7	> 25	Very high		

|--|

Table 5 Conditional Test of Dynamic Arm Force. (Harvest) Woman.

20-second fa	ucet test (Woman). Quantity		
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points
≤7	1	Very low	4
8-10	2	Low	5
11-12	3	Lower than average	6
13-14	4	Half	7
15-16	5	Above average	8
17-18	6	High	9
> 19	7	Very high	10

Table 6. Conditional Test of Dynamic Arm Force. (Harvest) Men.

20-second fauc	et test (Men). Quantity		
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points
≤ 3	1	Very low	4
4-7	2	Low	5
8-9	3	Lower than average	6
10-14	4	Half	7
15-16	5	Above average	8
17-21	6	High	9
> 22	7	Very high	10

Table 7. Conditional Test of Dynamic Abdomen Strength for women (Collection).

Abs test in 20	seconds (Woman)		
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points
≤6	1	Very low	4
7-10	2	Low	5
11-13	3	Lower than average	6
14-17	4	Half	7
18-20	5	Above average	8
21-23	6	High	9
> 24	7	Very high	10

Abs test in 20	seconds (Men)		
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points
≤9	1	Very low	4
10-13	2	Low	5
14-15	3	Lower than average	6
16-18	4	Half	7
19-21	5	Above average	8
22-24	6	High	9
> 25	7	Very high	10

Table 8. Conditional Test of Dynamic Abdomen Strength for men (Collection).

	Table 9. Conditional	Test of Sp	eed of Transla	tion Women	(Harvest).
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Translation speed	d test 27 meters (Woman). Second	ls	
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points
≤ 4.53	7	Very high	10
4.54-5.89	6	High	9
5.90-6.57	5	Above average	8
6.58-7.93	4	Half	7
7.94-8.61	3	Lower than average	6
8.62-9.97	2	Low	5
≥ 9.98	1	Very low	4

# Table 10. Conditional Test of Speed of Translation Men (Harvest).

I ranslation spee	d test 27 meters (Men). Seconds		
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points
≤ 5.6	7	Very high	10
5.61-6.13	6	High	9
6.14-6.40	5	Above average	8
6.41-6.92	4	Half	7
6.93-7.19	3	Lower than average	6
7.20-7.72	2	Low	5
≥ 7.73	1	Very low	4

## Instrument procedure for validation for theoretical validation of the set of physical exercises.

The Chanlat Matrix will allow competent specialists to identify the potentialities and insufficiencies of any proposal that is built, from a theoretical framework of science, therefore it is applicable to a set of physical exercises appropriate to the operation of the load (volume and intensity) to contribute to the improvement of the conditional capacities in seventh grade students of the Pedro Nufio Technical Vocational Institute of Danlí. Said capacities will be the Abdomen Force, Arm Force and Translation Speed.

The objective: The application of this technique in the research consists of: Analysing the effects of a set of physical exercises to improve the conditional capacities in seventh grade students of the Pedro Nufio Technical Vocational Institute of Danlí.

To calculate the Effects of the Set of Physical Exercises (ECEF), the following formula is used: E.C.E.  $F = I \times F \times O / 100$  (Impact, Functionality, Opportunity).

According to the referred authors, scholars and creators of the Chanlat matrix, the classification of the results of the ECEF in the following ranges are used:

- If ECEF is greater than 8, the proposal is considered strong.
- If ECEF is between 5 and 7, the proposal is considered medium.
- If ECEF is less than 5, the proposal is considered weak.

To achieve this application of the Chanlat Matrix method, 10 specialists from the area of Physical Culture and Sport will be interviewed in relation to the Training of conditional physical capacities through Physical Education Classes, their academic level was identified, the functions they perform, the years as a worker in the area and the experience in its specialty.

The selection of specialists will be made using the following criteria:

- Degree in the area of Physical Culture (Degree in Physical Education, Sports and Sports Training).
- Graduates or graduates of academic training processes in the area of Physical Culture (Graduates in Physical Education, Sports Trainers and Physical Trainers).
- At least 5 years of experience as a Physical Education teacher, Coach or Physical Trainer.

The systematization of research associated with the direction and teaching of physical education, sports training, the elaboration of the proposal and the measurement of results of these alternatives within Physical Culture and Sports, will allow the identification of variables and indicators submitted to the evaluation and suggestions requested by applying the Chanlat matrix.

Dimensions of the Physical Exercise Program variable	Indicators	Qualification
	1 Contributes to the achievement of the objectives of the set of exercises.	
1 Impact (I)	2 Satisfies the planning needs of the set of exercises.	
r impact (i)	3 Covers the basic needs on the planning of the set of exercises.	
	4 Contains an adequate organization of the set of exercises.	
	1 There is applicability of the plan of the set of exercises.	
	2 It has the necessary resources for the process of executing	
	the set of exercises.	
2 Eupotionality (E)	3 There is official support from the authorities of the	
	institution involved in developing the set of exercises.	
	4 It has the quality with respect to the distribution of the	
	components of the set of exercises.	
	5 Feasibility of developing the set of exercises.	
	1 The demands of the environment that favour the set of	
	exercises.	
3 - Opportunity(O)	2 The set of exercises is desirable.	
	3 There is a need for the set of exercises.	
	4 There is general support for the development of the set of	
	exercises.	

Table 11. Chanlat matrix. (Validation).

# RESULTS

## Tabulation and compilation of the data provided by the Chanlat Matrix.

Step 1. Filling in the data table provided by each of the specialists in the research topic.

Step 2. Each of the scores given by each specialist are added to each indicator that presents the three dimensions of the variable.

Example: Dimensions; Impact (I) (Indicators 1, 2, 3 and 4), Functionality (F) (Indicators 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5) and Opportunity (O) (Indicators 1, 2, 3 and 4)

Sum Weighting: Specialist 1 I = 10 + 9 + 8 + 10 = 37F = 9 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 9 = 48O = 8 + 9 + 10 + 10 = 37

Step 3. The Weighting is divided by the number of indicators that each dimension has:

Example: I = 37/4 = 9.25 F = 48/5 = 9.6 O = 37/4 = 9.25

Table 12. Shows the data tabulated and collected by specialists specifically by indicators.							
Dimensions of the Variable Set of Physical Exercises							
No. of	Impact. (I)	Р		Functionality. (F)	Р		Opportunity (O)

No. of	lr	npad	ct. (I)		П		F	unctio	onali	ty. (F)		п		0	oportu	unity (	0)	Р	р
Specialist	lr	ndica	ators		F Total	Р		Ind	icato	ors		Г Total	Р		Indic	ators		Total	F
	1	2	3	4	TULAI		1	2	3	4	5	TULAI		1	2	3	4		
1	9	9	8	9	35	8.75	10	9	9	10	9	47	9.40	10	9	9	9	37	9.25
2	10	8	8	9	35	8.75	10	9	9	9	9	46	9.20	9	10	10	9	38	9.50
3	9	9	9	8	35	8.75	10	9	9	10	9	47	9.40	9	9	10	9	37	9.25
4	10	9	8	8	35	8.75	9	10	9	10	9	47	9.40	10	9	9	10	38	9.50
5	9	8	9	9	35	8.75	9	9	9	10	9	46	9.20	10	9	9	10	38	9.50
6	10	8	8	8	34	8.50	10	9	9	10	9	47	9.40	10	10	9	9	38	9.50
7	10	9	8	თ	36	9.00	10	9	9	9	9	46	9.20	10	9	9	9	37	9.25
8	10	9	9	8	36	9.00	10	9	9	9	9	46	9.20	10	9	9	9	37	9.25
9	10	9	8	8	35	8.75	9	9	9	10	9	46	9.20	10	10	9	9	38	9.50
10	9	9	9	8	35	8.75	10	10	8	10	9	47	9.40	10	9	9	9	37	9.25
							D 14					147 1	1.11						

Legend: *P* = Weighting. *P*<sup>1</sup> = Average Weighting.

Step 4. Validation results from consultations with specialists using the Chanlat matrix.

Formula: The Expected Effectiveness of the Physical Exercise Set (ECEF) Legend: P= Weighting. PI = Average Weighting.

 $\underline{ECEF = I \times F \times O} =$ 

100

Example Specialist 1: ECEF = 9.25x 9.6x 9.25 = 8.21

100

Table	13.	Show	the	tabulated	and	collected	data	from	the	specialists	for	this	investigation	gener	rally	by
variab	le.															

No. of Specialist	Variable						
No. of Specialist	Impact. (I) Weighing	Functionality (F) Weighing	Opportunity. (O) Weighing	Total			
1	8.75	9.40	9.25	7.61			
2	8.75	9.20	9.50	7.65			
3	8.75	9.40	9.25	7.61			
4	8.75	9.40	9.50	7.81			
5	8.75	9.20	9.50	7.65			
6	8.50	9.40	9.50	7.59			
7	9.00	9.20	9.25	7.66			
8	9.00	9.20	9.25	7.66			
9	8.75	9.20	9.50	7.65			
10	8.75	9.40	9.25	7.61			

Step 5. Sum of Average Weights.

Example:  $\Sigma P$  / No. Of Specialist (10)

10

7.65 The Proposal is considered Medium.

Table 14. Conditional	Test of Dynamic Arn	n Force. Women	(Collection).
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20-second fau	cet test (Women). Quantity		
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points
≤7	1	Very low	4
8-10	2	Low	5
11-12	3	Lower than average	6
13-14	4	Half	7
15-16	5	Above average	8
17-18	6	High	9
≥ 19	7	Very high	10

Table 15. Conditional Test of Dynamic Arm Force. Men (Collection).

20-second fau	ucet test (Men). Quantity		
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points
≤ 3	1	Very low	4
4-7	2	Low	5
8-9	3	Lower than average	6
10-14	4	Half	7
15-16	5	Above average	8
17-21	6	High	9
≥ 22	7	Very high	10

Abs test in 20	seconds (women)		
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points
≤6	1	Very low	4
7-10	2	Low	5
11-13	3	Lower than average	6
14-17	4	Half	7
18-20	5	Above average	8
21-23	6	High	9
≥ 24	7	Very High	10

 Table 16. Conditional Test of Dynamic Abdomen Strength. Females (Collection).

 Abs test in 20 seconds (Werren)

			•• • • • • •
Tabla 17 Conditional	Test of Dynamic L	Shaamon Stronath	Man (Collection)
	TESLOI Dynamic r		

Abs test in 20 seconds (Men)								
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points					
≤9	1	Very low	4					
10-13	2	Low	5					
14-15	3	Lower than average	6					
16-18	4	Half	7					
19-21	5	Above average	8					
22-24	6	High	9					
≥ 25	7	Very High	10					

 Table 18. Conditional Test of Speed of Translation. Females (Collection).

Translation speed	d test 27 meters (Women). Secor	nds	
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points
≤ 4.53	7	Very high	10
4.54-5.89	6	high	9
5.90-6.57	5	Above average	8
6.58-7.93	4	Half	7
7.94-8.61	3	Lower than average	6
8.62-9.97	2	Low	5
≥ 9.98	1	Very low	4

Table 19.	Conditional	Test of S	peed of	Translation.	Females	(Collection)	).
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Translation speed test 27 meters (Men). Seconds								
Rank	Level in number	Level in letters	Points					
≤ 5.6	7	Very high	10					
5.61-6.13	6	high	9					
6.14-6.40	5	Above average	8					
6.41-6.92	4	Half	7					
6.93-7.19	3	Lower than average	6					
7.20-7.72	2	Low	5					
≥ 7.73	1	Very Low	4					

applied tests.											
Physical ability	Decreased	%	They kept	%	Were up	%	Total Students				
Abdominal strength	2	5.8	0	0	32	94.2	34				
Arm force	6	17.6	0	0	28	82.4	34				
Translation speed	5	14.7	0	0	29	85.3	34				

Table 20. Data obtained from the pre and post-test of the seventh 1 regarding the capacities evaluated and applied tests.

The physical capacities worked in the seventh grade section 1, in 10 weeks of intervention (40 hours of work) generated the following result: According to the measurements carried out in the pre-test and afterwards, apply a set of exercises to contribute to the improvement of capacities diagnosed in the post-test, it was possible to show that in abdominal strength, 2 students decreased their capacity, which represents 5.88% and 32 students increased their capacity, representing 94.11%. In arm strength, their capacity decreased 6, representing 17.64%, and 28 increased, representing 82.35%. In the translation speed capacity, 5 decreased their capacity, which represents 14.7%, and 29 increased their capacity, which represents 85.29%.

In the post-test, it was possible to show that in abdominal strength, 5 students decreased their capacity, which represents 12.5%, and 35 students increased their capacity, which represents 87.5. In arm strength, their capacity decreased by 5, which represents 12.5% and increased by 35, which represents 87.5%. In the capacity of speed of translation 7 they decreased their capacity that represents 17% and 33% increased their capacity that represents 82.5%.

Table 21. Data	obtained from the	pre and post-tes	t of the seventh 3	3 regarding the	e capacities	evaluated	and
applied tests.							

Physical ability	Decreased	%	They kept	%	Were up	%	<b>Total Students</b>
Abdominal strength	3	7.14	0	0	39	92.85	42
Arm force	3	7.14	0	0	39	92.85	42
Translation speed	3	7.14	0	0	39	92.85	42

According to the measurement carried out in the pre-test and afterwards, apply a set of exercises to contribute to the improvement of capacities diagnosed in the post-test, it was possible to show that in the abdominal strength 3 students decreased their capacity, which represents 7.14% and increased its capacity 39 students that represents 92.85%. In arm strength, their capacity decreased 3, representing 7.14% and 39, representing 92.85%. In the capacity of speed of translation 3 decreased their capacity that represents 7.14% and 39 increased their capacity that represents 92.85%.

Table 22. Data obtained from the pre and post-test of the seventh 4 regarding the capacities evaluated and applied tests.

Physical ability	Decreased	%	They kept	%	Were up	%	<b>Total Students</b>
Abdominal strength	2	5	0	0	38	95	40
Arm force	3	7.5	0	0	37	92.5	
Translation speed	7	17.5	0	0	33	82.5	

In section 4, the pre-test and then the application of a set of exercises to contribute to the improvement of capacities diagnosed in the post-test, it was possible to show that in abdominal strength, 2 students decreased their capacity, which represents 5% and increased their capacity 38 students that represents 95%. In arm strength, their capacity decreased 3, representing 7.5%, and 37 increased, representing 92.5%. In

the translation speed capacity, 7 decreased their capacity, which represents 17.5%, and 33 increased their capacity, which represents 82.5%.

Table 23. Data	obtained from the pre	and post-test	of the seventh	5 regarding the	capacities	evaluated	and
applied tests.							

Physical ability	Decreased	%	They kept	%	Were up	%	<b>Total Students</b>
Abdominal strength	5	11.9	0	0	37	88.05	42
Arm force	9	24.42	0	0	33	78.57	
Translation speed	7	16.66	0	0	35	83.33	

The seventh grade section 5, in 10 weeks of intervention (40 hours of work) generated the following result: According to the measurement carried out in the pre-test and afterwards, apply a set of exercises to contribute to the improvement of capacities diagnosed in the post test it was possible to show that in abdominal strength, 5 students decreased their capacity, representing 11.9%, and 37 students increased their capacity, representing 88.5%. In arm strength, their capacity decreased 9, representing 24.42%, and 33 increased, representing 78.57%. In the capacity of speed of translation 7 decreased their capacity that represents 16.66% and 35 increased their capacity that represents 83.33%.

Table 24. Data obtained from the pre and post-test of the seventh 6 regarding the capacities evaluated and applied tests.

Physical ability	Decreased	%	They kept	%	Were up	%	Total Students
Abdominal strength	2	5.26	1	2.63	35	92.1	38
Arm force	6	15.78	1	2.63	31	81.57	
Translation speed	7	18.42	1	5.26	29	76.31	

In the seventh grade section 6, in 10 weeks of intervention (40 hours of work) they generated the following result: According to the measurements carried out in the pre-test and afterwards, apply a set of exercises to contribute to the improvement of capacities diagnosed in the Post test it was possible to show that in abdominal strength, 2 students decreased their capacity, representing 5.6%, maintained 1, representing 2.63%, and 35 students increased their capacity, representing 92.1%. In arm strength, their capacity decreased 6, representing 15.78%, maintained 1, representing 2.63%, and increased by 31, representing 81.57%. In the capacity of speed of translation 7 decreased their capacity that represents 18.42%, they maintained 2 that represents 5.26% and 29 increased their capacity that represents 76.31%

## DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

The results of the systematization carried out by several authors in the selected bibliography on the subject of interest (Physical Capabilities) led us to the structuring of the exercises that allowed us to determine that the systematicity in the exercise of them is a fundamental aspect for the development of the body human.

The physical exercises applied in 10 weeks (40 hours of work) contributed greatly to improve the physical capacities in experiment (arm strength, abdominal strength and speed of translation) since in the three capacities subjected to the investigation more than 85 % of the learners improved their ability and less than 15% maintained or decreased their physical ability.

The application of the principles of Physical Culture contributed to a great extent so that physical exercises contributed to improving physical capacities to a great extent because after the intervention the difference between the pre-test and the post-test is observed.

The validation by experts generates an interesting piece of information, and that is that it considers the proposal at a medium level, an aspect that coincides, since improving the physical capacities investigated in 85% of the study population indicates that we must improve the exercises or increase the number of hours in exercise.

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